

# From Processing 2 Java

Sharing, Hiding, Inheritance and Composition



**TU** / **e**

Technische Universiteit  
**Eindhoven**  
University of Technology

**Where innovation starts**

# Fast Recap Processing

- primitive types
  - properties (variables)
  - methods (functions)
  - classes
- Examples...
- Processing
  - Eclipse
- Note: Processing ~~≠~~ JAVA

```
cha public class Shape {
byte float x;
sho float y;
int float r;
long
fla // constructor
dou public Shape(float sx, float sy, float sr) {
boo x = sx; y = sy; z = sz;
voic }
void display() {
// Shape doesn't display
}
```

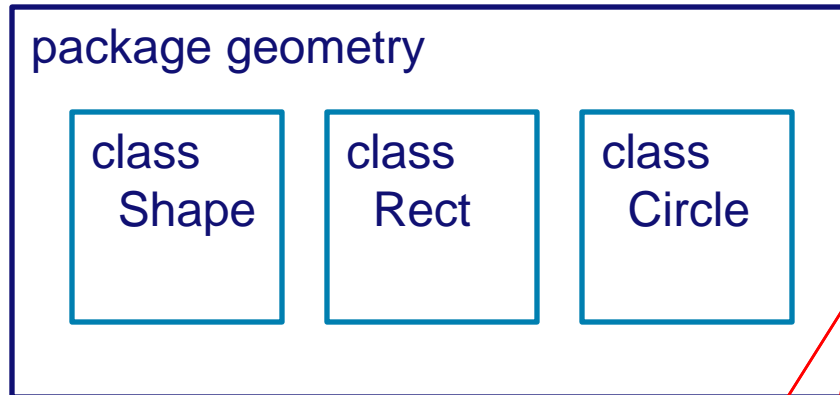


# Why “Hide and/or Share” ?

- **Allows for separating functionality from implementation (implementation hiding).**
  - What you *don't* see you *can't* use...
  - What you *do* see you *can* use
- **Allows for creating libraries (=packages)**
  - “independent” developed pieces of code
  - (possibly) maintained by other people

# Packages

- Packages organise classes in a
- Class access through `<package>`



```
public class Shape {
    float x;
    float y;
    float r;
}
```

```
import geometry.*;
```

```
class Test {
    Shape a;
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        a = new Shape(0,0,0);
        a.display();
    }
}
```

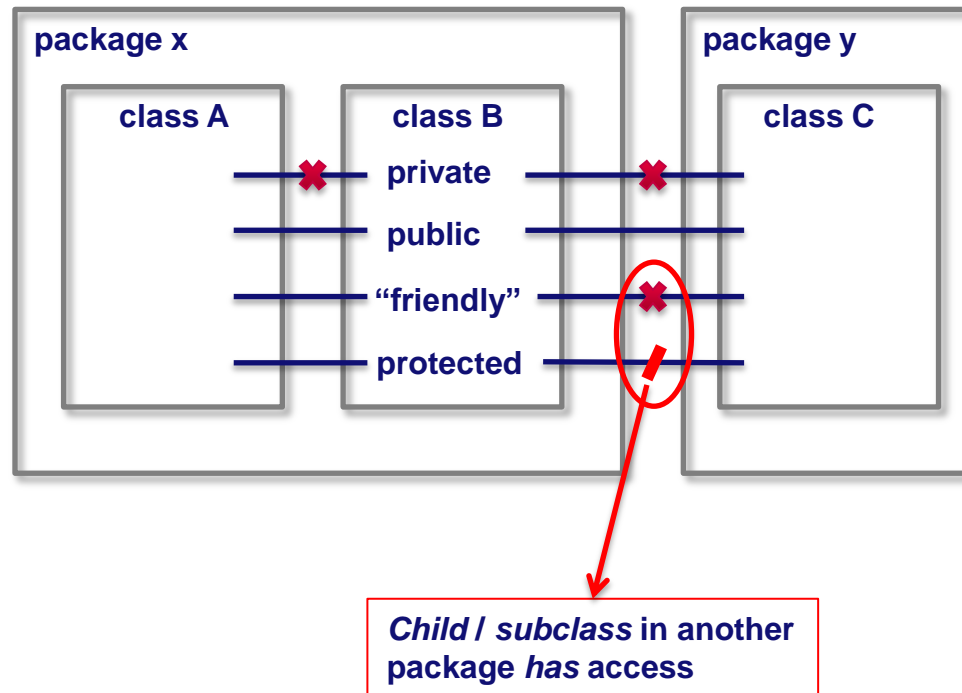
- Package defined by **package**
- Package used by **import**

# Access specifiers

- **public** : everyone
- **protected** : package classes, subclasses and me
- **“friendly”** : package classes and me
- **private** : only me
  
- **Limit access as much as you can...**

# Access specifiers

- **public / private / “friendly” / protected**



# Separating functionality and implementation

- **What you “see” is what you use**
  - **Interface / functionality offered...**
- **What you don't see you don't use?**
  - **Methods that help implementation of a class but that are not intended to be used by others.**

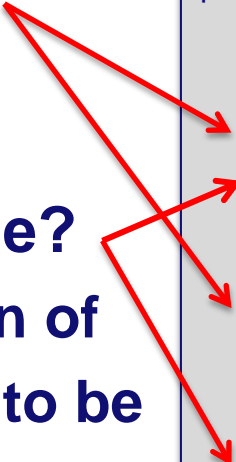
```
package first;

public class dataProcessor {
    private ArrayList dataArray;
    ....

    public void addElement(Object x) {
        sortData();
        ....
    }

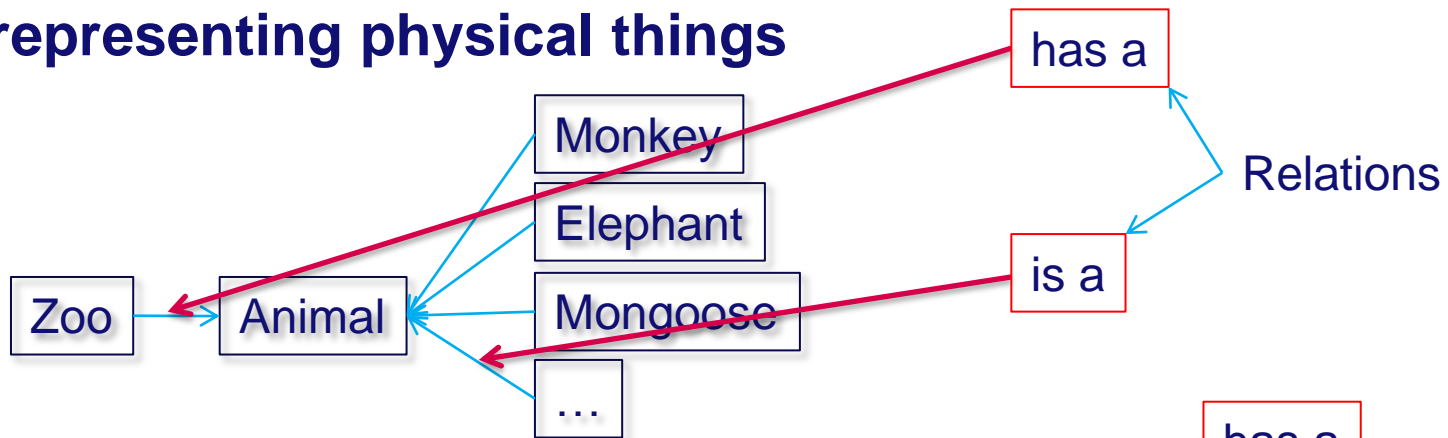
    public Object getElement() {
        ....
    }

    private void sortData() {
        ....
    }
}
```

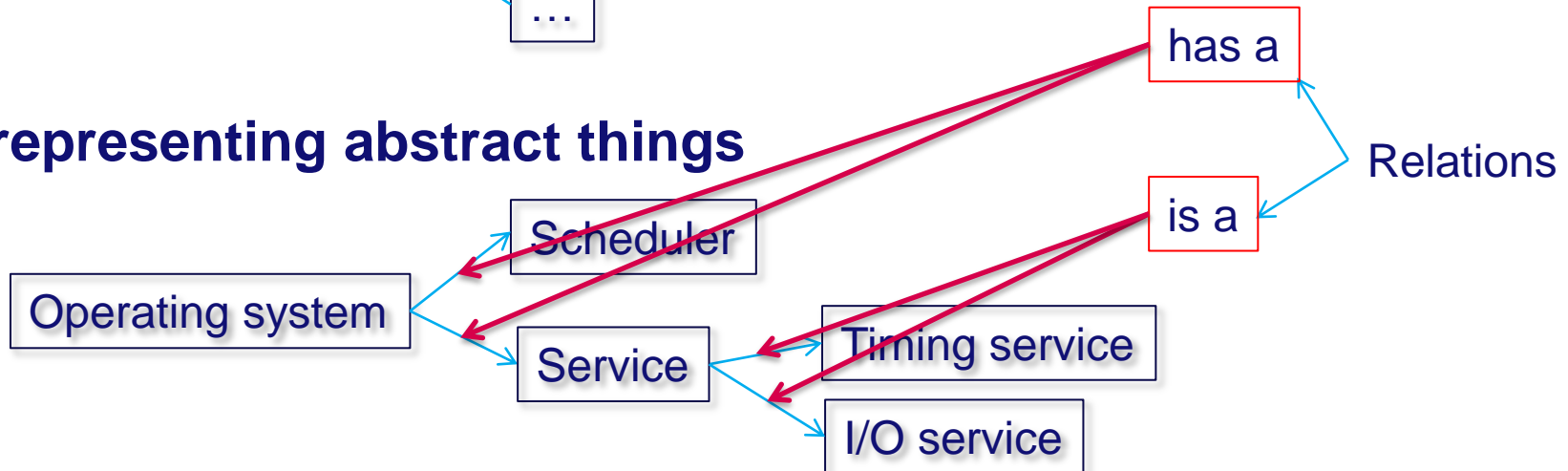


# What about this OO ?

- Think in *objects*
  - representing physical things



- representing abstract things





# Inheritance

- **keyword** : **extends**

```
package nl.tue.id.pp;

public class Shape {
    private int x; // x position
    private int y; // y position
    ....
    public void drawMe() {
        // what to do here?
    }
}
```

```
package nl.tue.id.pp;

class Rectangle extends Shape {
    private int w; // rectangle width
    private int h; // rectangle height

    public void drawMe() {
        // draw the rectangle
    }
}
```

- create a new class that *inherits* all things public, and protected (and if in same package, also things “friendly”) **and** adds new functionality and/or properties.

# Composition

- **Using other objects as properties**
- **NO inheritance of object properties in class**

```
package nl.tue.id.pp;

public class Rectangle {
    private int x; // x position
    private int y; // y position
    ....

    public Rectangle(int x, int y, int w, int h) {
        ....
    }

    public void drawMe() {
        ...
    }
}
```

```
import nl.tue.id.pp.*;

public class Myap {
    private Rectangle r;

    public Myap() {
        r = new Rectangle(0,0,10,10);
    }

    public void draw() {
        r.drawMe();
        ...
    }
}
```

# Finalization

- **data**
  - constant by definition or initialization
- **arguments**
  - cannot be changed in method
- **methods**
  - cannot be overridden by subclass
  - allows for inline compilation
  - private methods are inherently final...
- **class**
  - cannot be inherited / extended

# Live example

- Eclipse (ManyBoids)

# Summary

- **Packages**
  - `package`, `import`
- **Sharing / Hiding**
  - `public` / `protected` / “friendly” / `private`
- **Inheritance**
  - `extends` extending other objects
- **Composition**
  - using other objects
- **Finalization**
  - fixing the value

# Practical issues

- Packages must be named
  - unique names (nl.tue.id.pp.geometry)
- Packages *must* adhere to a certain folder structure
  - nl.tue.id.pp → nl\tue\id\pp\...
  - nl/tue/id/pp/...
- Packages must be found...
  - CLASSPATH =  
.;D:\JAVA\lib;C:\somewhere\geometry.jar

# Useful links

- **Processing**
  - [www.processing.org](http://www.processing.org)
- **OOP**
  - <http://processing.org/learning/tutorials/objects/>